Symbol Table (25ided)

f	frequency with which a value occurs	$z_{\alpha/2}$	critical value of z
Σ	capital sigma; summation	t	t distribution
$\sum x$	sum of the values	$t_{\alpha/2}$	critical value of t
$\sum x^2$	sum of the squares of the values	df	number of degrees of freedom
$(\Sigma x)^2$	square of the sum of all values	F	F distribution
$\sum xy$	sum of the products of each x value multi-	χ^2	chi-square distribution
	plied by the corresponding y value	χ^2_R	right-tailed critical value of chi-square
n	number of values in a sample	χ_L^2	left-tailed critical value of chi-square
n!	n factorial	p	probability of an event or the population pro-
N	number of values in a finite population; also used as the size of all samples combined		portion
k	number of samples or populations or categories	q	probability or proportion equal to $1 - p$
		\hat{p}	sample proportion
\overline{x}	mean of the values in a sample	\hat{q}	sample proportion equal to $1 - \hat{p}$
\overline{R}	mean of the sample ranges	\overline{p}	proportion obtained by pooling two samples
μ	mu; mean of all values in a population	\overline{q}	proportion or probability equal to $1 - \overline{p}$
S	standard deviation of a set of sample values	P(A)	probability of event A
σ	lowercase sigma; standard deviation of all values in a population	P(A B)	probability of event A , assuming event B has occurred
s^2	variance of a set of sample values	$_{n}P_{r}$	number of permutations of n items selected r
σ^2	variance of all values in a population		at a time
z	standard score	$_{n}C_{r}$	number of combinations of n items selected r at a time

Symbol Table

\overline{A}	complement of event A	H^{-1}	Kruskal-Wallis test statistic	
H_0	null hypothesis	R	sum of the ranks for a sample; used in the	
H_1	alternative hypothesis		Wilcoxon rank-sum test	
α	alpha; probability of a type I error or the area of the critical region	μ_R	expected mean rank; used in the Wilcoxon rank-sum test	
β	beta; probability of a type II error	σ_R	expected standard deviation of ranks; used in the Wilcoxon rank-sum test	
<i>r</i> .	sample linear correlation coefficient	G	number of runs in runs test for randomness	
ho	rho; population linear correlation coefficient	μ_G	expected mean number of runs; used in runs test for randomness	
r^2	coefficient of determination			
R^2	multiple coefficient of determination	σ_G	expected standard deviation for the number	
$r_{\rm s}$	Spearman's rank correlation coefficient		of runs; used in runs test for randomness	
b_1	point estimate of the slope of the regression line	$\mu_{\overline{x}}$	mean of the population of all possible sample means \overline{x}	
b_0	point estimate of the y-intercept of the regression line	$\sigma_{\overline{x}}$	standard deviation of the population of all possible sample means \overline{x}	
ĵ	predicted value of y	E	margin of error of the estimate of a popula-	
d	difference between two matched values		tion parameter, or expected value	
	•	Q_1, Q_2, Q	2 ₃ quartiles	
\overline{d}	mean of the differences d found from matched sample data	$D_1, D_2, .$	\ldots, D_9 deciles	
s_d	standard deviation of the differences d	P_1, P_2, \ldots	P_{99} percentiles	
3 _d	found from matched sample data	x	data value	
S_{e}	standard error of estimate			
T	rank sum; used in the Wilcoxon signed- ranks test			